### GitHub Probot Vs. GitHub Actions



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### About Me



#### Ronen Levinson

- Investments enthusiastic
- Photographer in free time
- World traveler



## Agenda

- Webhooks & Events
- GitHub Probot
- Probot app development
- GitHub Actions
- Actions structure
- Probot Vs. Actions



## Challenges in code & app workflows

- Life cycle of new branches
- Master & dev relations
- Record of code changes
- Many systems to support
- Maintenance of VMs



## Webhooks & Events



#### Webhooks & Events

a way for notifications to be delivered to an external web server

- Each event:
  - corresponds to a certain set of actions
  - Each event type has a specific payload format with the relevant event information
- When event is triggered, GitHub will send a HTTP POST payload to the webhook's configured URL

## Payload Delivery

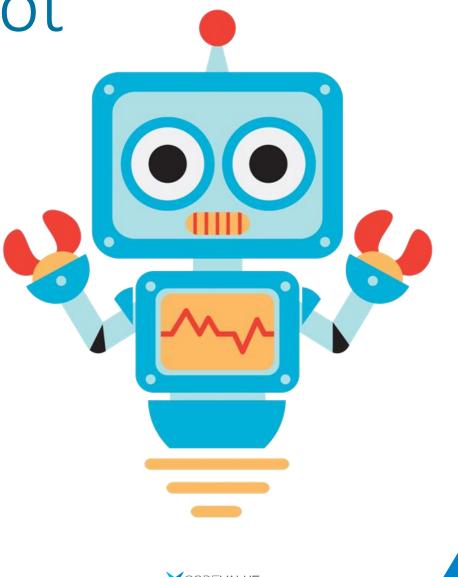


## Payload Delivery

```
POST /payload HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:4567
X-GitHub-Delivery: 72d3162e-cc78-11e3-81ab-4c9367dc0958
X-Hub-Signature:
sha1=7d38cdd689735b008b3c702edd92eea23791c5f6
User-Agent: GitHub-Hookshot/044aadd
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 6615
X-GitHub-Event: issues
 "action": "opened",
 "issue": {
  "url": "https://api.github.com/repos/octocat/Hello-
World/issues/1347",
  "number": 1347,
```

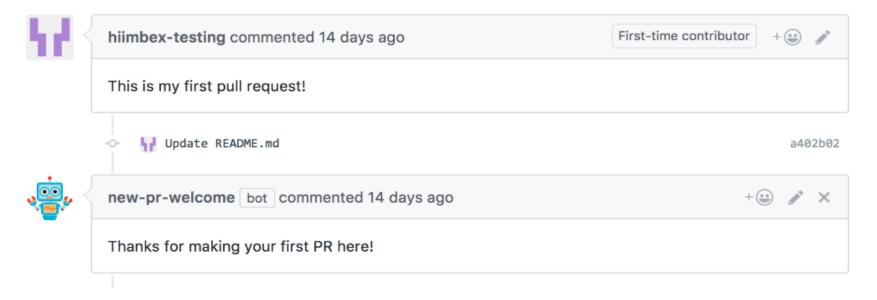
```
"repository" : {
  "id": 1296269,
  "full name": "octocat/Hello-World",
  "owner": {
   "login": "octocat",
   "id": 1,
 "sender": {
  "login": "octocat",
  "id": 1,
```

## GitHub Probot



#### What is Probot?

A framework for building GitHub Apps in Node.js



The app will listen for webhook events triggered by GitHub

# Demo: Probot App Development



#### What is GitHub Actions?

flexibility build an automated software development lifecycle workflow

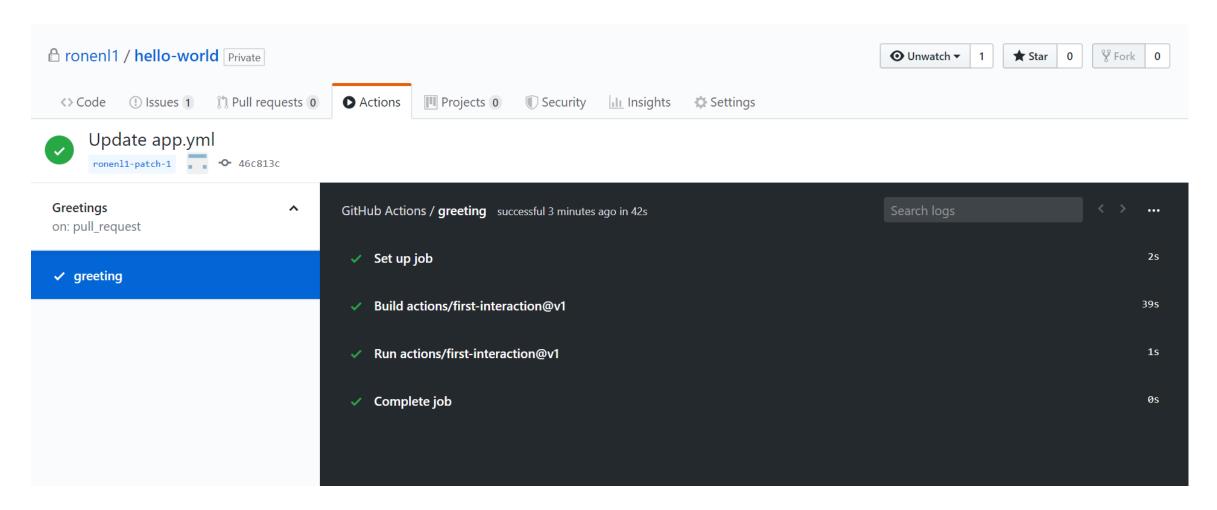
 You can write individual tasks, called actions, and combine them to create a custom workflow

- Workflows are:
  - custom automated processes that you can set up to build, test, package, release, or deploy any code on GitHub
  - Configured by different triggers to start

## Workflow.yml

```
jobs:
 test:
   name: Test on node ${{ matrix.node_version }} and ${{ matrix.os }}
   runs-on: ${{ matrix.os }}
   strategy:
     matrix:
       node_version: [8, 10, 12]
       os: [ubuntu-latest, windows-latest, macos-latest]
    steps:
    - uses: actions/checkout@v1
    - name: Use Node.js ${{ matrix.node_version }}
     uses: actions/setup-node@v1
     with:
       version: ${{ matrix.node_version }}
    - name: npm install, build and test
     run:
       npm install
       npm run build --if-present
       npm test
```

## Workflow Log



# GitHub Probot Vs. Actions Which one to choose?

## Strengths of Actions & Probot

GitHub Actions	GitHub Probot
GitHub runs your workflows in hosted VMs	Run fast and react to events quickly
Contains a secret store	Easy to create for your needs
SCM and CI/CD in one system	Can be deployed by the user
Build and test your code on different operating	Policy enforcement the "nice" way

#### GitHub Actions or Probot?

To automate a task that makes use of your codebase - Actions

Events that needs a quick response - Probot

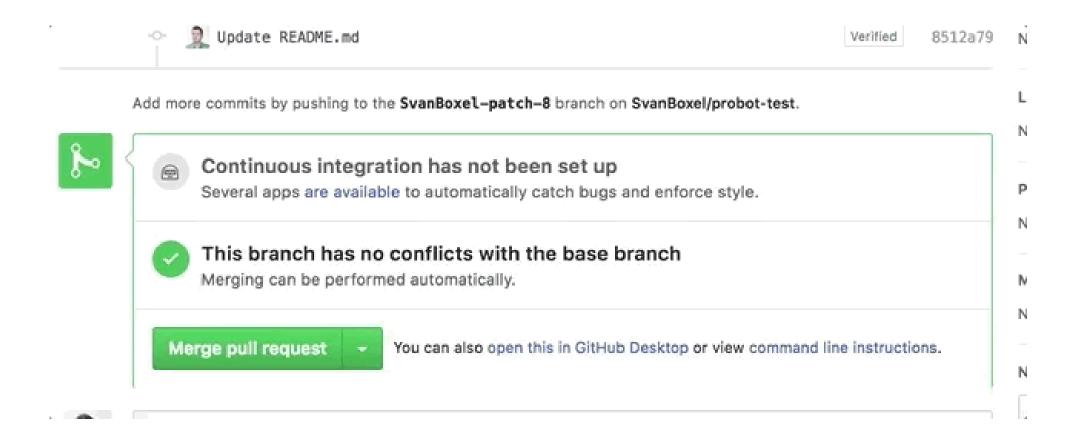
When you want to deploy your app by your own - Probot

Interacting with external services that needs authentication - Actions

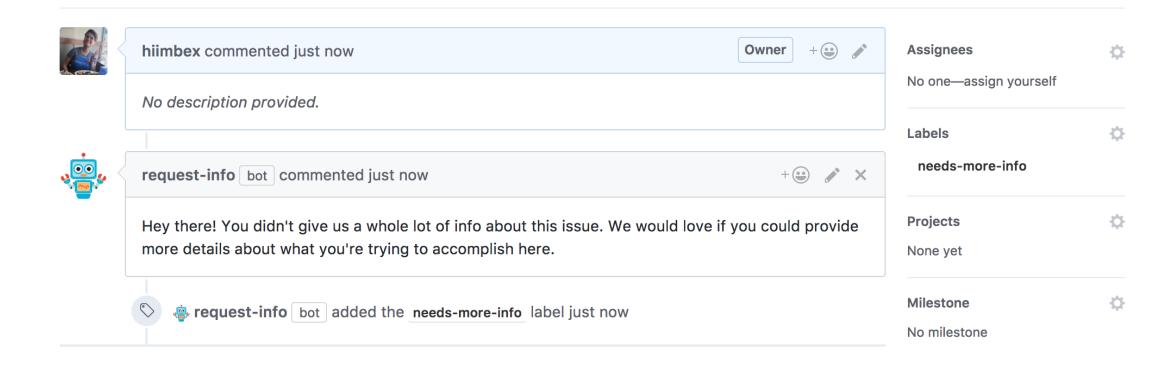
# My Favorite Probot Apps



## Delete merged branch



## Request Info





# My Favorite Actions



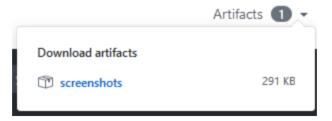
## Upload artifact

Basic:

```
steps:
- uses: actions/checkout@v1
- run: mkdir -p path/to/artifact
- run: echo hello > path/to/artifact/world.txt
- uses: actions/upload-artifact@master
with:
    name: my-artifact
    path/to/artifact
```

#### Where does the upload go?

In the top right corner of a workflow run, once the run is over, if you used this action, there will be a Artifacts dropdown which you can download items from. Here's a screenshot of what it looks like



#### Kubernetes CLI - kubectl

#### Usage

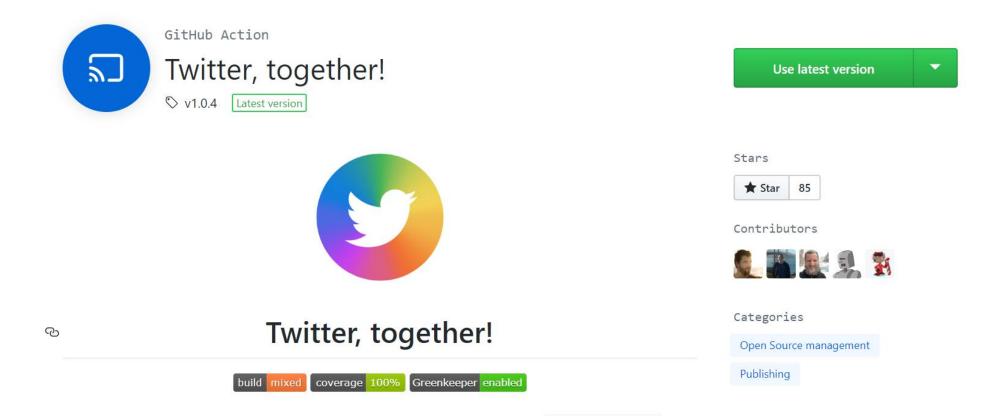
.github/workflows/push.yml

```
on: push
name: deploy
jobs:
  deploy:
   name: deploy to cluster
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
    - uses: actions/checkout@master
    - name: deploy to cluster
      uses: steebchen/kubectl@master
      env:
        KUBE_CONFIG_DATA: ${{ secrets.KUBE_CONFIG_DATA }}
      with:
        args: set image --record deployment/my-app container=${{ github.repository
         }}:${{ github.sha }}
    - name: verify deployment
      uses: steebchen/kubectl@master
      env:
        KUBE_CONFIG_DATA: ${{ secrets.KUBE_CONFIG_DATA }}
      with:
        args: '"rollout status deployment/my-app"'
```

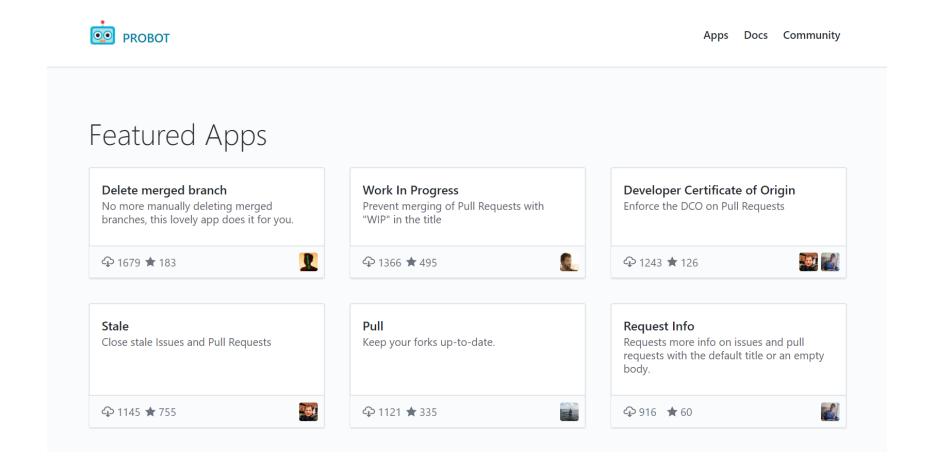
## And my most favorite one is...



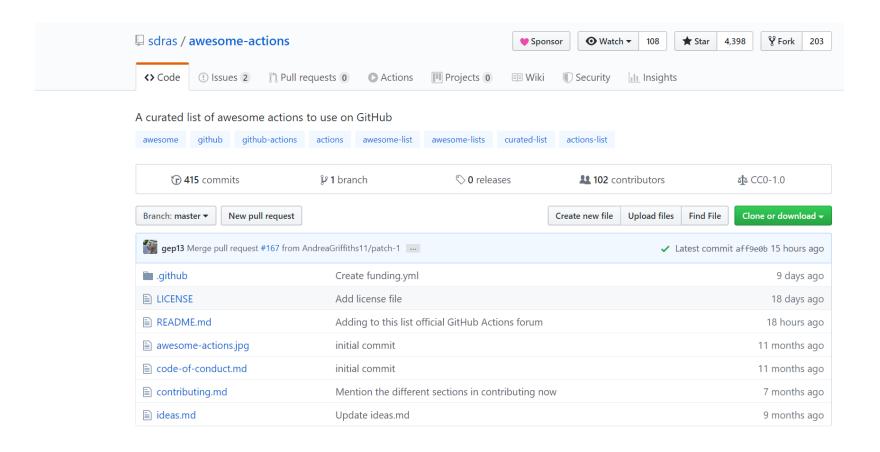
## Twitter, together!



## Places to find more Probot apps and Actions



## Places to find more Probot apps and Actions





# Thank you!



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